

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

• Product Identification

Polymer Lithium-Ion Rechargeable Battery	
Nominal Voltage(V):	3.7
Cell P/N:	SP480934AE
Minimum Cell Capacity(mAh):	122
Cell UL NO:	MH27663
Customer P/N:	N/A

PACK P/N:	IS1P-LSSP480934AE-PCM(DTB480934SA)
Minimum PACK Capacity(mAh):	120
PACK UL NO:	MH27663
Customer Project Name:	Phelps

• Manufacture Identification

Tianjin Lishen Battery Joint-Stock CO. LTD.
6 Lanyuan Road, Huayuan Hi-Tech
Industry Park, Tianjin 300384, China
Http://www.lishen.com.cn

86 - 22 - 83710366
Phone Number (For Information)
86 - 22 - 83710366
Emergency Phone Number Telex'
86 - 22 - 83710366

Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Primary Routes of Entry	<input type="checkbox"/> Inhalation <input type="checkbox"/> Ingestion	CARCINOGEN LISTED IN	<input type="checkbox"/> NTP <input type="checkbox"/> OSHA
	<input type="checkbox"/> Skin Absorption <input type="checkbox"/> Eye contact		<input type="checkbox"/> LARC Monograph <input type="checkbox"/> NOT Listed

Health Hazards

Acute and chronic

All chemicals are contained in a sealed can. Risk of exposure occurs only, if the battery is mechanically or electrically abused (mechanical, thermal, electrical), which leads to the rupture of the battery container. Electrolyte leakage, electrode materials reaction with moisture/water or battery vent/fire may follow, depending upon the circumstances.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure

An acute exposure will not generally aggravate any medical condition.

Symptoms of Exposure Skin contact, no effect under routine handling and use.

Eye Contact No effect under routine handling and use

Skin Contact No effect under routine handling and use

Ingestion No effect under routine handling and use

Inhalation No

Reported as carcinogen Not applicable

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION & INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Equivalent lithium content per cell (g)				0.036	OSHA	ACGIH	CAS Number	OTHER LIMITS RECOMMENDED	
COMPONENTS-Chemical Name and Common Names (Hazardous Components 1% or greater, Carcinogens 0.1% or greater)				%					PEL
Hazardous Ingredients:	Cathode active material	Lithium Cobalt Oxide		34%			12190-79-3		
	Anode active material	Graphite		14%			7782-42-5		
	Electrolyte	LiPF ₆	12%	2%			21324-40-3		
		EC	30%	5%			96-49-1		
		EMC	50%	8%			623-53-0		
		PC	8%	1%			108-32-7		
Non-Hazardous Ingredients:	Anode tab	Nickel		1%			7440-02-0		
	Cathode tab	Aluminum		0%			7429-90-5		
	AL foil	Aluminum		4%			7429-90-5		
	Cu foil	Copper		11%			7440-50-8		
	Conductive additive	Carbon		2%			7440-44-0		
	Adhesive	Polyvinylidene fluoride		2%			24937-79-9		
	Tape	Polypropylene		1%			9003-07-0		
	Separator	Polypropylene			10%			9003-07-0	
		Polyethylene						9002-88-4	
	Package	Nylon			6%			32131-17-2	
		Aluminum						7429-90-5	
		Polypropylene						9003-07-0	
Total				100%					

SECTION 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

If exposure to internal materials in cell due to damaged outer casing, the following actions are recommended.

Eye Contact	In case of eye contact, flush with lot of water for 15 minutes, and get medical help.
Skin Contact	In case of skin contact with contents of battery, flush immediately with water.
Inhalation	In case of light inhalation, move to an area with fresh air immediately, if irritation persists, get medical help.
Ingestion	In case of ingestion, drink milk/water to induce vomiting and wash out, get medical help.



SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguisher Media:

CO₂ or dry chemical power

Special Fire-Fighting Procedures:

In case of fire in cell original containers, use CO₂ or dry chemical extinguisher; For fire in an adjacent area, water can be used.

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

On Land:

Place material into suitable containers, If the skin has come into contact with the electrolyte, it should be washed thoroughly with water, Sand or earth should be used to absorb any exuded material; Seal leaking battery and contaminated absorbent material should be treated by local regulation, and call local fire/police department to ask for help.

In Water:

If possible, remove from water far from body in special fixture, and call local fire/police department to ask for help

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:

Take all precautions mentioned in this document and operate the battery within the temperature range of -20°C and 45°C.

No special protective clothing required for handling individual cells in corrective operational method.

Improper handling of lithium ion battery may result in injury or damage from electrolyte leakage, heating, ignition or explosion. So do not crush, pierce, short cell/battery terminals with conductive material; Do not directly heat or solder; do not throw into fire; do not place cell/battery in non conductive trays.

Storage:

Store the battery in a cool, drying place, without chemical vapor or excessive humidity.

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

keep away from heat and open flame, prevent hard & sharp thing penetration, store in a cool & dry place.

Personal Protection:

Respiratory Protection: Not necessary under normal operations condition. SCAB required in the event of a fire.

Eye/Face Protection: Not necessary under normal operation condition.

Glove protection: Not necessary under normal operation condition.

Foot Protection: Steel toed shoes recommended for Large container handling.

Ventilation to Be Used	<input type="checkbox"/> Local Exhaust	<input type="checkbox"/> Mechanical (General)
	Not necessary under conditions of Normal use.	Not necessary under conditions of Normal use.
	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify)	<input type="checkbox"/> Special
	Not necessary under normal operation conditions.	Not necessary under conditions of Normal use.

Other Protective Clothing and Equipment

Not necessary under normal operation conditions.

Hygienic Work Practices

Not necessary under normal operation conditions.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL /CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Specific Gravity (H₂O=1):

LiCoO₂:3.80 Graphite:2.0~2.2

Melting Point:

LiCoO₂:1130°C Graphite:3500-3900°C

Appearance and Odor:

LiCoO₂ is a gray odorless power; Graphite is a black or odorless power;

Organic solvent is a colorless liquid; Lithium salt is a white, crystalline and odorless power.

SECTION 10 STABILITY & REACTIVITY DATA

Stability	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stable	Conditions to Avoid:
		Do not heat or incinerate the battery, Never impact, pierce or crush the battery.
		Do not disassemble or modify the battery,
		Do not charge the battery under high temperature conditions such as near a fire or in the direct sunlight.
		Do not short-circuit the battery by connect the positive and negative terminals with a metal material.
<input type="checkbox"/> Unstable		Do not allow the battery to get wet or be immersed in water.

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid)

Water, salted water, other solvent with water

Hazardous Decomposition Products

N/A

Hazardous Polymerization

- ☐ May Occur
☒ Will Not Occur

Conditions to Avoid

**SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

This product does not elicit toxicological properties during routine handling and use.

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Cobalt and its compounds can pose a threat if released to environment. The detail information are showed in waste disposal method in Section 13 "Disposal Consideration".

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

There is no contamination during normal operation and use. Lithium batteries should have their terminals insulated prior to disposal, do not throw away a used battery and provide them for recycling company.

Open cells should be treated as hazardous waste. If the leakage or other material is Released, we should take actions as follows:

Leave the area, allow the batteries to cool down, let the vapors to dissipate.

Avoid skin and eye contact or inhalation of vapors. Remove spiller liquid with absorbent and incinerate after.

Waste Disposal method Opened cells should be treated as hazardous waste.

Incineration: incineration should never be performed by battery users but eventually by trained professionals in authorized facilities with proper gas and fumes treatment.

Landfilling: According to the proper laws and regulations in different countries or areas, the battery should be buried deeply in the specified place;

Recycling: Send to authorized recycling facilities to get Co,Cu and Al, eventually through licensed waste carrier;

SECTION 14 Transportation

Lishen's SP480934AE Lithium Ion batteries are considered to be "rechargeable batteries" and meet the requirements of transportation by the U.S. Department of Transportation, Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) Technical Instructions (2020-2021 Edition), the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations (62th Edition, 2021). Packing instruction 965 Section IB or II for Lithium Ion battery, the International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG) Code (2018 Edition) with special provision 188 & 230, US Hazardous Materials Regulations 49 CFR (Code of Federal Regulations) Sections 173-185 Lithium batteries and cells, the UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria 38.3 Lithium batteries, 6th revised edition (UN3480) as "non-dangerous goods" or "non-hazardous materials". The mentioned batteries are complied with the special provision, Section II of P1965 to P1967. These lithium batteries can be transported in nonrestrictive material and as Non-Dangerous Goods as they meet all the requirements in below:

1 Lithium content requirement

1.1 For the bar cells, the lithium content can not overpass 20Wh;

1.2 For the batteries, the lithium content can not overpass 100Wh;

2 Meet with UN Test Requirement

2.1 All the cell and battery must be verified to meet with all the requirements in Part 3 -38.3 item (UN38.3 tests) for "Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria".

3 Package Requirement

3.1 The cell and battery must be packaged specially and singly, and put into hard outer package to prevent short-circuit if they do not be assembled in finished equipments (such as mobile phone, camera, NBPC, and so on)

3.2 The cell quantity is more than 24pcs or the battery quantity is more than 12pcs, they must be asked to meet with the requirements in blow besides they are assembled in finished equipment.

a Every package must be marked in the content that the packages are loaded in lithium cells or batteries, also add new lithium ion operation label, also need point out the corrective actions when the packages are damaged.

b Every batch shipment must be appendixes document which should contain the content that the packages are loaded in lithium cells or batteries, also need point out the corrective actions when the packages are damaged.

c Every package must pass 1.2mm fall test in any direction. No damage for the cells and batteries, no move and touch together, no cells or batteries escape from the package.

d Every package weight can not overpass 10kg if the batteries can not be assembled in finished equipment.

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

☐ Hazardous ☒ Non-hazardous

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

There is no hazards in accordance with the UN recommendations test. (UN manual of tested and criteria 38.3)

Battery Number	1S1P-LSSP480934AE-PCM(DTB480934SA)
Nominal Voltage	3.7
Minimum PACK Capacity	120mAh
Battery Mass	2.4g
Equivalent Lithium Content	0.036g

Test NO	Test Item	Criteria	Result
38.3.4.1	Altitude Test	No mass loss, leakage, venting, disassembly, rupture, and fire. OCV should not be less than 90% before testing	Passed
38.3.4.2	Thermal Test	No mass loss, leakage, venting, disassembly, rupture, and fire. OCV should not be less than 90% before testing	Passed
38.3.4.3	Vibration	No mass loss, leakage, venting, disassembly, rupture, and fire. OCV should not be less than 90% before testing	Passed
38.3.4.4	Shock	No mass loss, leakage, venting, disassembly, rupture, and fire. OCV should not be less than 90% before testing	Passed
38.3.4.5	External Short Circuit	External temperature should not exceed 170degC. No disassembly, and fire within six hours of this test.	Passed
38.3.4.6	Impact	External temperature should not exceed 170degC. No disassembly, and fire within six hours of this test.	-----
38.3.4.7	Overcharge	No disassembly, and fire within seven days of this test.	Passed
38.3.4.8	Forced Discharge	No disassembly, and fire within seven days of this test.	-----